#### PHYSICAL SCIENCES

UNIT-1: HEAT

Class: X	Max.Marks: 13	Time: 1 hr.

I. Answer all questions.

 $4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$ 

- 1. SI units of Heat is ......
- 2. Absolute zero temperature (Infinite cold) is .......
- 3. What would be the final temperature of a mixture of 60 g of water at 40°C temperature and 60g of water at 80°C temperature?
- 4. SI units of specific heat .......
- II. Answer the following questions in one sentence.

 $3 \times 1 = 3M$ 

- 5. Convert 300K into °C.
- 6. Why do the food colour grains in hot water move more rapidly than the grains in cold water.
- 7. Write the formula for specific heat S.
- III. Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.

 $2 \times 2 = 4M$ 

- 8. Write the differences between temperature and Heat?
- 9. What role does specific heat capacity play in a watermelon to keep it cool for long time after removing it from a fridge on hot day.
- IV. Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.

 $1 \times 4 = 4M$ 

10. Express the procedure of finding specific heat of solid / lead shots experimentally.

(Or)

11. Which of the following substance take more time to raise its temperature for a certain degree celsius given reason.

Substance	Specific Heat	Substance	Specific Heat
	in cal/gm-°C		in cal/gm°C
Kerosene oil	osene oil 0–50 Wa		1
		Sea water	0.95

PHYSICAL SCIENCES (P.S)

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

**UNIT-2: ACIDS, BASES AND SALTS** 

Class	: X Max.Marks: 13	Time: 1 hr.
Name	:	
I.	Answer all questions.	$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	Which gas evolves when acids react with metals?	
2.	What is the colour of phenolphthalein solution when it reacts with Bases?	
3.	Which is used to measure the concentration of Hydrogen ions?	
4.	Who invented pH scale ?	
II.	Answer the following questions in one sentence.	$3\times 1=3M$
5.	What are olfactory indicators ? Give an example ?	
6.	What happen if the pH value gastric juice in our body increases ?	
7.	Why does not distilled water conduct electricity?	
III.	Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	What is neatralization reaction? Give an example?	
9.	What is importance of pH of the soil?	
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.	$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	Compounds such as alcohols and glucose contain hydrogen but are not cate Describe an activity to prove it.	gorized as acids.
	(Or)	
	Draw the neat diagram of experiment metal carbonates react with acids.	

### PHYSICAL SCIENCES

### REFRACTION OF LIGHTAT PLANES SURFACES

Class: X Max.Marks: 13 Time: 1 hr.

I. Answer all questions.

 $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2M$ 

1. Which of the following is Snell's Law.

A) 
$$n_1 \sin i = \frac{\sin r}{n_2}$$
 B)  $\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin r}{\sin i}$  C)  $\frac{n_2}{n_1} = \frac{\sin r}{\sin i}$  D)  $n_2 \sin i = \text{constant}$ 

B) 
$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin n}{\sin n}$$

C) 
$$\frac{n_2}{n_1} = \frac{\sin r}{\sin i}$$

- 2. Refractive Index value of Diamond.
  - A) 2.45

- B) 2.44
- C) 2.42
- D) 2.43

- 3. What is the speed of light in vaccum?
- 4. Refractive Index of medium does not depend upon .........
- II. Answer the following questions in one sentence.

- $3 \times 1 = 3M$
- 5. Refractive Index of glass Relative to water is 9/8, what is the Refractive Index of water Relative to glass?
- 6. What are the factors that influence the Refractive Index?
- 7. Observe the following table.

Medium	water	Crown glass
Refractive Index	1.33	1.52

- i) Which is the denser medium water (or) crown glass?
- III. Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.
- $2 \times 2 = 4M$
- 8. When we sit at a campfire, objects beyond the fire is seen swaying. Give the reason for it?
- 9. How light ray moves when it enters from Rarer medium to denser medium and denser medium to Rarer medium draw the ray diagram.
- IV. Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.

 $1 \times 4 = 4M$ 

10. Conduct on Experiment which proves  $\frac{\sin i}{\sin r}$  is a constant.

#### PHYSICAL SCIENCES

#### REFRACTION OF LIGHTAT PLANES SURFACES

Class: X Max.Marks: 13 Time: 1 hr.

Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### I. Answer all questions.

 $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2M$ 

- 1. If the Refractive Index of glass is  $\frac{3}{2}$ , Then what is the speed of light is glass.
- 2. The velocity of the light in an 'X' medium is  $2 \times 10^8$  m/sec. And velocty of light in Air is  $3 \times 10^8$  m/s then find the Refractive Index of medium X ......
- 3. The process of changing the speed at an interface when a light travel from one medium to another resulting in a change in direction is ............
- 4. Assertion: RefractiveIndex of Kerosine is greater than water

Reason: The velocity of light in water is greater than in kerosine.

- A) Both Assertion, Reason correct
- B) Both Assertion, Reason are not correct.
- C) Assertion is correct, Reason is correct explanation.
- D) Assertion is correct but Reason is not correct explanation

#### II. Answer the following questions in one sentence.

 $3 \times 1 = 3M$ 

- 5. Why is it difficult to shoot a fish swimming in water?
- 6. The speed of the light in a diamond is 1,24,000 km/s. Find the Refractive Index of diamond if the speed of light in air is 3,00,000 K/S.
- 7. Why do stars appear Twinkling?

#### III. Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.

 $2 \times 2 = 4M$ 

- 8. Define Refraction and give some examples of Refraction in our daily life?
- 9. Write down the laws of Refraction?

#### IV. Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.

 $1 \times 4 = 4M$ 

10. Refractive index of some material media is given in the table.

Material	Coconut	Crown	Diamond	Hydrogen	Water	Flint
Medium	oil	Glass		gas		glass
Refractive	1.445	1.52	2.42	1.000132	1.33	1.65
Index						

- i) Which is optically denser than Flint glass?
- ii) Which is optically Rarer than water?
- iii) In which material does the speed of light travel faster than in coconut oil?
- iv) In which material the speed of light is less than that of crown glass?

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

# REFRACTION OF LIGHT AT CURVED SURFACES

Class: X	Max.Marks: 13	Time: 1 hr.

Name	2:		
I.	Answer all questions.	4	$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	X: The focal value of any lens is twice the dian	neter of its curvature.	
	Y: The Radius of curvature of any lens is twic	e the value of the focal length.	
	A) Both X, Y are correct	B) Both X, Y are incorrect	
	C) X is correct, Y is incorrect	D) X is incorrect, Y is correct	
2.	The value of the focal length of the lens is equal rays are	al to the value of the image distar	nce when the
	A) Passing through the optic centre	B) Parallel to the principle axis	
	C) Passing through the focus	D) In all the cases	
3.	What happens to the image formed by a convex	lens, if its half part isblack end	?
	A) The image is half	B) Formed the upper half image	e
	C) Image Brightness decreases	D) There will be no impact	
4.	When an object is placed, you will get an i	mage of the same size as that of	object.
	A) At focus	B) At centre of curvature	
	C) Between centre of curvature and Focus	D) Beyond centre of curvature	
II.	Answer the following questions in one se	entence.	$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	On what factors does the focal length of lens d	epends ?	
6.	Which lens can form real and virtual images ?		
7.	Write the lens formula		
III.	Answer the following questions in two to f	Cour sentences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	Distinguish between convex lens and concave lens	ens ?	
9.	The focal length of a converging lens is 20 cm. the image be formed and what find of image is	3	. Where will
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 s	sentences.	$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	Collect the information about lenses used by G	allileo in his Telescope?	

### PHYSICAL SCIENCES

**UNIT-2: ACIDS, BASES AND SALTS** 

Class: X Max.Marks: 13 Time: 1 hr.

 $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2M$ I. Answer all questions. 1. What is the value of least distance of distinct vision? 2. The person suffering from Hypermetropia can see objects clearly which are ........ 3. The upper part of the bifocal lens contains ...... lens. 4. ..... letter is used to represent the power of a lens. II. Answer the following questions in one sentence.  $3 \times 1 = 3M$ 5. What are the maximum and minimum focal lengths of the human eye? 6. Define the terms in the equation  $P = \frac{1}{f}$  (f in meters) 7. Which lens is used if its 'D' value is negative? III. Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.  $2 \times 2 = 4M$ 8. Your friend is suffering from an eye defect. Write any two questions do you ask your friend to find the eye defect. 9. What is angle of vision? Write its value for a healthy human being. IV. Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.  $1 \times 4 = 4M$ 10. What is Myopia? How do ou corect this defect? Explain with a neat diagram.

# PHYSICAL SCIENCES HUMAN EYE AND COLOUR WORLD

Namo	e:	
I.	Answer all questions.	$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	Bifocal lens is usd to correct which eye defect ?	
2.	The person suffering from Myopia cannot see the objects which are	
3.	In a bifocal lens the lower part contains lens.	
4.	For a lens the D value is '+ ve'. Then what is the lens suggested by the doctor	?
II.	Answer the following questions in one sentence.	$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	What is the power of a lens? Write its units.	
6.	Define Presbyopia.	
7.	What is a 'far point'?	
III.	Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	Doctor has advised you to use 2D lens. What is focal length?	
9.	Define 'accomodation' of an eye lens.	
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.	$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	What is Hypermetropia? How do you correct the problem? Explain with a dia	ıgram.

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

# STRUCTURE OF ATOM

Class: X	Max.Marks: 13	Time: 1 hr.

Nam	e:			
I.	Answer all questions.			$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	What is the range of 'l' values.			
	A) 0 to n B) 0 to (n - 1)	C) (n –	1) to (n + 1) D) 0 to	o(n+1)
2.	Which diagram enables us in finding the aso	cending order	of $(n + l)$ values.	
3.	Match the following.			
	Group – A		Group – B	
	A) Principal quantum number	[ ]	i) m <sub>1</sub>	
	B) Angular momentum quantum number	[ ]	ii) m <sub>s</sub>	
	C) Magnetic quantum number	[ ]	iii)n	
	D) Spin quantum number	[ ]	iv)' <i>l</i> '	
4.	The principle which states that "a degenera	te orbital car	accomodate two ele	ectrons' is
II.	Answer the following questions in one	e sentence.		$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	What is the information given by principle q	uantum numl	ber.	
6.	Write the four quantum numbers of the diffe	erentiating el	ectron in 'Na' atom.	
7.	Write the relation between angular momentum numbers.	ım quantum	number and magneti	c quantum
III.	Answer the following questions in two	to four sent	tences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	Explain Hund's Rule with an example.			
9.	Draw the shapes of p-orbitals.			
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to	8 sentences	S.	$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	Explain Bohr's model of Hydrogen atom and	l write its lim	itations.	

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

### STRUCTURE OF ATOM

Namo	e:	
I.	Answer all questions.	$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	What is the formula for finding the number of electrons that can fit in a shell?	
2.	The number of elliptical orbits added to first shell by Sommerfeld is	
	A) 0 B) 1 C) 2 D) 3	
3.	The shape of the d-orbital is	
4.	Name the scientist who proposed the quantum mechanical model of the atom '	?
II.	Answer the following questions in one sentence.	$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	What is n/x method.	
6.	Write the electronic configuration of copper 'Cu'.	
7.	What are degenerate orbitls ?	
III.	Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	Distiguish between 'orbit' and 'orbital'.	
9.	State and explain 'Aufbau' principle.	
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.	$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	What is the significance of 3 quantum numbers in predicting the position of electron.	ctrons in an

### PHYSICAL SCIENCES

CLASSIFICATION OF LEMENTS: THE PERIODIC TABLE

Class: X	Max.Marks: 13	Time : 1 hr.

I. Answer all questions.  $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2M$ 1. Give an example for Dobereiner triads. 2. According to John Newlands which element has the same properties like Na? 3. Which inert gas differs the general inert gas configuration ns<sup>2</sup> np<sup>6</sup>? 4. Which group of elements are called Halogens? II. Answer the following questions in one sentence.  $3 \times 1 = 3M$ 5. What is the Mendeleev's periodic law? 6. Write the group number and period number of the element with atomic number '12'. 7. What is the collective name given to Lanthanides and Actinides? III. Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.  $2 \times 2 = 4M$ 8. In a group the properties of the elements are same. But in a period why the properties of the elements change? 9. Using the periodic table predict the compound formed between the element 'X' of group 13. and element 'Y' or group 16. IV. Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.  $1 \times 4 = 4M$ 10. Explain how the elements are classified in to s, p, d and f block elements? What are the advantages of this classification?

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

		CLASSIFICATION OF LEMEN	ΓS: THE PERIO	DIC TABLE	
Class	: X	Max.Mark	s:13	Tiı	me : 1 hr.
Name	·:				
I.	Answer all	questions.			$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	Which group	of elements are also called as a	lkali earth meta	ls ?	
2.	If the second 3 <sup>rd</sup> period con	period of the periodic table contain?	tains '8' elemen	ts, then how many	elements does
	A) 2	B) 8	C) 18	4) 32	
3.		ts are arranged in the increasin a given element resembles its p	_	٤	•
4.	Which block	of elements are also called as tr	ansition elemen	ts.	
II.	Answer the	following questions in one	sentence.		$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	Write the mod	dern periodic law.			
6.	What is the go	eneral electronic configuration	of chalcogens.		
7.	Why some ele	ements are called as p-block ele	ements ?		
III.	Answer the	following questions in two to	o four sentence	es.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.		ements that you would expect to s the basis of your choice ?	have same che	emical properties li	ke Magne-
9.	The electronic	c configuration of some elemen	ts are given belo	OW.	
	a) $X = 2$	b) $Y = 2, 6$	C) $Z = 2, 8,$	2	
	Now answer t	the following question.			
	i) Which ele	ment belongs to second group?			
	ii) Which ele	ment belong to 18th group?			
IV.	Answer the	following questions in 4 to 8	3 sentences.		$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	Comment on	the position of Hydrogen in the	modern periodic	e table.	

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

# **CHEMICAL BONDING**

Class: X	Max.Marks: 13	Time: 1 hr.

Namo	:				
I.	Answer all questions.				$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	The ion with '-Ve' sign is c	alled			
2.	What is the bond angle in "l	Boran Trifloride".			
3.	How many covalent bonds	does Carbon forms	in Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> ) m	olecule.	
	A) 1	B) 2	C) 3	4) 4	
4.	$Na \rightarrow \dots + 1e^-$				
II.	Answer the following q	uestions in one s	entence.		$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	How many ' $\sigma$ ' and ' $\pi$ ' bond	Is are there in $N_2$ me	olecule.		
6.	Define octet rule.				
7.	Name two molcules having	sp³ hybridization.			
III.	Answer the following qu	estions in two to	four sentences.		$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	'A', 'B' and 'C' are three ele	ments with atomic i	numbers 6, 11 and 17	respective	ely. Then
	i) Which of them froms ion	ic bond			
	ii) Which forms covalent b	ond only			
9.	Distinguish between 'σ' and	d 'π' bonds.			
IV.	Answer the following qu	estions in 4 to 8	sentences.		$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	Explain the formation of O	2 molecule based on	overlapping of atomi	c orbitals.	

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

### **CHEMICAL BONDING**

Namo	e:	
I.	Answer all questions.	$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	Represent sodium element with Lewis dot method.	
2.	After participating in Chemical bonding the atoms of the elements tries to attatronic configuration.	in elec-
3.	What is the shape of the water molecule?	
4.	The side wise overlapping of p-orbitals leads to which type of bond?	
II.	Answer the following questions in one sentence.	$3\times 1=3M$
5. 6.	Give the names of two molecules with Ionic Bond.  Who proposed the valence Bond theory.	
7.	What is the similarity between $BeCl_2$ and $CO_2$ molecules.	
III.	Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	Explain the formation of $\mathrm{MgC}l_2$ with electron transfer method.	
9.	On what factors does the formation of cation depends upon ?	
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.	$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	What is Hybridization? Explain the formation of BF <sub>3</sub> molecule.	

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

### **CURRENT ELECTRICITY**

Class: X	Max.Marks: 13	11me: 1 nr.

Nam	e:					
I.	Answer all question	ıs.				$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	Specific Resistance d	epends upon				
	A) Temperature		-	B) Natural	of Material	
	C) Both A and B			D) None o	of the above	
2.	Match the following.					
	Substance				Character	
	A) Tungsten		[	]	P)Alloy	
	B) Nichrome		[	]	Q) Semico	onductor
	C) Germanium		[	]	R)Metal	
	A) P-1, Q-2, R-3	B) P-3, Q-2, R	k-1 C	)P-2, Q-3,	R-1 D) P-2,	Q-1, R-3
3.	Information about any	device is required t	o avoid	the risk of	f overload.	
	A) Bulb	B) Fuse		C) Switch	D	) Heater
4.	X : Potential difference	e is also called volta	age			
	Y: The S.I unit of pot	ential difference is v	olt			
	A) Both X and Y are	true	-	B) X is tru	e, Y is false	
	C) Both X and Y are	false		D) X is fal	se, Y is true	
II.	Answer the following	ng questions in o	ne sen	tence.		$3\times 1=3M$
5.	Define Resistance ?					
6.	Silver is Better condution of electricity?	ctor of electricity th	an cop	per. Why d	lo we use cop	oper wire for conduc-
7.	90 coulombs of charg current through a con		a cond	uctor in 4 i	minutes. Wha	at is the Electricity
III.	Answer the following	g questions in two	o to fo	ur senten	ces.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	Why do we consider t	ungsten as a suitabl	e mater	ial for mal	king the filam	nent of a bulb?
9.	Define Electric currer	t? Write its units in	S.I sy	stem?		
IV.	Answer the following	ng questions in 4 t	to 8 se	ntences.		$1\times 4=4M$
10.	State Ohm's Law? So	aggest an experimen	t to ver	rify it and	explain the p	rocedure?

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

# **CURRENT ELECTRICITY**

Nam	e:		
I.	Answer all questions.		$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	A charge movd from a point A to a point B. The process is called	e work done to move unit charge	e during this
	A) Potential at A	B) Potential at B	
	C) Potential difference between A and B	D) Current form A to B	
2.	Assertion: The device used to measure the cu Reason: 1 Amphere = 1 coloumb/sec.	rrent in the circuit is ammeter.	
	A) Both Assertion and Reason are correct	B) Assertion correct, Reason	wrong
	C) Assertion wrong, Reason correct	D) Both Assertion and Reason	are wrong
3.	Assertion: The amount of charge crossing any is called Electric current.	cross-section of the conductor	in one second
	Reason: Its S.I unit is Amphere and denoted to	he letter with A.	
	A) Both Assertion and Reason are correct	B) Assertion correct, Reason	wrong
	C) Assertion wrong, Reason correct	D) Both Assertion and Reason	are wrong
4.	Why does a bird not get the shock when it star	nds on a high voltage wire?	
	A) Less weight B) Bird's Body		
	C) Feather of Bird D) There is no pote	ential difference between the bird	l legs.
II.	Answer the following questions in one s	entence.	$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	How many types of substances are there base	d on the ohm's law? What are t	hey?
6.	A 12V Battery sends 2A current to a circuit by that circuit?	ut what is the Resulting Resistan	ce value of
7.	Volt/Amphere =		
III.	Answer the following questions in two to	four sentences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	Draw the experimental set up to verify that $\frac{V}{i}$	is constant for conductor.	
9.	A wire of length 1 m and radius 0.1 mm has a material.	resistance of $100 \Omega$ . Find the res	istivity of the
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8	sentences.	$1\times 4=4M$
10.	How do you verify that Resistance of a conduction for constant cross section area and temperature	• •	f the conductor

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

### **ELECTROMAGNETISM**

Nam	e:	
I.	Answer all questions. 4 ×	$^{1}/_{2}=2M$
1.	The SI unit of magnetic flux density is	
2.	Magnetic flux is the product of magnetic field induction and	
3.	Current carrying wire produces	
4.	Magnetic field lines formed by a barmagnet rings.	
II.	Answer the following questions in one sentence. 3	$\times$ 1 = 3M
5.	What is meant by a magnetic flux ? Write its units ?	
6.	Draw the diagram showing the magnetic field lines of a barmagment ?	
7.	The value of the magnetic Induction of a uniform field is 2T. What is the flux passing the surface of area 1.5 m² perpendicular to field?	g through
III.	Answer the following questions in two to four sentences. 2	$\times$ 2 = 4M
8.	List out the material for Oersted experiment of Electromagnetism. Give percautions you can perform Experiment?	s when
9.	Rajkumar said to you that Magnetic field lines are open and they start at the North Barmagnet and End at the South pole. What questions do you ask Rajkumar to corr by saying "field lines are closed".	•
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.	$\times$ 4 = 4M
10.	How can you verify that a current carrying wire produces a magnetic field with the an Experiment ?	help of

# **PHYSICAL SCIENCES**

### PRINCIPLES OF METALLURGY

Namo	e:	
I.	Answer all questions.	$4 \times {}^{1}/_{2} = 2M$
1.	The impurity present in the ore is called as	
2.	Galena is an ore of	
3.	Write the chemical formula for	
4.	What is the reducing agent in thermite process?	
II.	Answer the following questions in one sentence.	$3 \times 1 = 3M$
5.	List three metals that are found in nature in elementary form ?	
6.	What is the metals present in the Bronze Alloy?	
7.	Write the chemical formula for hydrated ferric oxide?	
III.	Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.	$2 \times 2 = 4M$
8.	List three metals that are found in nature as oxides ores.	
9.	Predict what happens in the field of domestic use of metals If alloy were not of	discovered ?
IV.	Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.	$1 \times 4 = 4M$
10.	Explain in brief an experiment to prove that the presence of air and water a corrosion.	are essential for

### PHYSICAL SCIENCES

#### CARBON AND ITS COMPOUNDS

Class: X Max.Marks: 13 Time: 1 hr.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

I. Answer all questions.

 $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2M$ 

- 1. Write the electronic configurations of Carbon (C)
- 2. What is the general molecular formula of alkenes?
- 3. Which elements show allotropy as carbon?
- 4. The band angle in methane (CH<sub>d</sub>) molecule is ?
- II. Answer the following questions in one sentence.

 $3 \times 1 = 3M$ 

- 5. What are hydro carbons?
- 6. Name the simplest hydrocarbon?
- 7. What is catination?
- III. Answer the following questions in two to four sentences.
- $2 \times 2 = 4M$
- 8. What do you know about the position of carbon atom in periodic table?
- 9. What are alkenes? Write the general formula of alkenes. Give example for alkenes?
- IV. Answer the following questions in 4 to 8 sentences.

 $1 \times 4 = 4M$ 

10. Observe the table and answer the following questions.

Organic Compound	Methane	Ethane	Propene	Butene	Pentyne	Hexyne
Formula	CH <sub>4</sub>	$C_2H_6$	$C_3H_6$	$C_4H_8$	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>10</sub>

- 1. Write the general formula of Alkanes.
- 2. Mention the names of unsaturated hydrocarbons.
- 3. Write the homologous series of Alkynes?
- 4. Write the formula of Hexyne.